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Bibliography

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[Identification Number] 000001845

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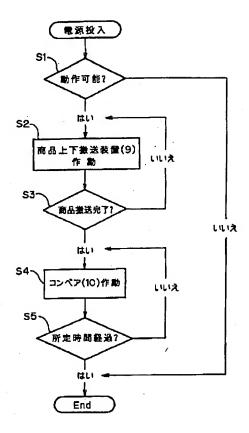
Epitome

(57) [Abstract]

[Technical problem] Two or more shelf spaces by which separated spacing mutually and the laminating was carried out up and down, and goods expenditure equipment which pays goods out of a shelf space, The 1st transport device which receives the goods paid out of the shelf space, and conveys goods below, The 2nd transport device which receives goods from the 1st transport device and conveys goods to goods output port, It is an automatic vending machine equipped with the control unit which controls actuation of goods expenditure equipment, actuation of the 1st transport device, and actuation of the 2nd transport device. When a power source is shut off by the 1st transport device, and it is shut off by the 2nd transport device while conveying goods while conveying goods or, the automatic vending machine which does not produce the trouble at the time of a power-source reclosing is offered.

[Means for Solution] Two or more shelf spaces by which separated spacing mutually and the laminating was carried out up and down, and goods expenditure equipment which pays goods out of a shelf space, Having the control unit which controls the 1st transport device which receives the goods paid out of the shelf space, and conveys goods below, the 2nd transport device which receives goods from the 1st transport device and conveys goods to goods output port, and actuation of goods expenditure equipment, actuation of the 1st transport device and actuation of the 2nd transport device, a control unit drops the 1st transport device to a power up, and, subsequently operates the 2nd transport device.

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CLAIMS

[Claim(s)]

[Claim 1] It is the automatic vending machine which a control unit drops the 1st transport device to a power up, and is characterized by subsequently operating the 2nd transport device by having the following. Two or more shelf spaces by which separated spacing mutually and

the laminating was carried out up and down Goods expenditure equipment which pays goods out of a shelf space The 1st transport device which receives the goods paid out of the shelf space, and conveys goods below The control unit which controls the 2nd transport device which receives goods from the 1st transport device and conveys goods to goods output port, and actuation of goods expenditure equipment, actuation of the 1st transport device and actuation of the 2nd transport device

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[Detailed Description of the Invention]

[0001]

[Field of the Invention] Two or more shelf spaces by which this invention separated spacing mutually and the laminating was carried out up and down, and the goods expenditure equipment which pays goods out of a shelf space, The 1st transport device which receives the goods paid out of the shelf space, and conveys goods below, It is related with an automatic vending machine equipped with the control unit which controls the 2nd transport device which receives goods from the 1st transport device and conveys goods to goods output port, and actuation of goods expenditure equipment, actuation of the 1st transport device and actuation of the 2nd transport device.

[0002]

[Description of the Prior Art] Two or more shelf spaces by which separated spacing mutually and the laminating was carried out up and down, and the goods expenditure equipment which pays goods out of a shelf space, The 1st transport device which receives the goods paid out of the shelf space, and conveys goods below, The 2nd transport device which receives goods from the 1st transport device and conveys goods to goods output port, In an automatic vending machine equipped with the control unit which controls actuation of goods expenditure

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equipment, actuation of the 1st transport device, and actuation of the 2nd transport device When the power source was shut off by the 1st transport device, and it was conventionally shut off by the 2nd transport device while conveying goods while conveying goods or, goods remained remaining on the 1st transport device or the 2nd transport device at the time of a power-source reclosing.

[0003]

[Problem(s) to be Solved by the Invention] If goods remain remaining on the 1st transport device or the 2nd transport device at the time of a power-source reclosing when a power source is shut off by the 1st transport device, and it is shut off by the 2nd transport device while conveying goods while conveying goods or In case the next purchaser by whom two goods are taken out in case the next purchaser from whom a purchaser cannot receive goods after a power-source reclosing purchases goods purchases goods, problems, such as causing trouble to actuation of a transport device, are produced. Two or more shelf spaces by which this invention was made in view of the above-mentioned problem, separated spacing mutually, and the laminating was carried out up and down, The goods expenditure equipment which pays goods out of a shelf space, and the 1st transport device which receives the goods paid out of the shelf space, and conveys goods below, The 2nd transport device which receives goods from the 1st transport device and conveys goods to goods output port, It is an automatic vending machine equipped with the control unit which controls actuation of goods expenditure equipment, actuation of the 1st transport device, and actuation of the 2nd transport device. When a power source is shut off by the 1st transport device, and it is shut off by the 2nd transport device while conveying goods while conveying goods or, it aims at offering the automatic vending machine which does not produce the trouble at the time of a power-source reclosing.

[0004]

[Means for Solving the Problem] In order to solve the above-mentioned technical problem, it sets to this invention. Two or more shelf spaces by which separated spacing mutually and the laminating was carried out up and down, and the goods expenditure equipment which pays goods out of a shelf space, The 1st transport device which receives the goods paid out of the shelf-space, and conveys-goods-below, The-2nd-transport device-which-receives-goods-fromthe 1st transport device and conveys goods to goods output port, It has the control unit which controls actuation of goods expenditure equipment, actuation of the 1st transport device, and actuation of the 2nd transport device, a control unit drops the 1st transport device to a power up, and the automatic vending machine characterized by subsequently operating the 2nd transport device is offered. In the automatic vending machine concerning this invention a control unit Since the 1st transport device is dropped to a power up and the 2nd transport device is subsequently operated the goods which are on the 1st transport device or the 2nd

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transport device at the time of a power-source reclosing when a power source is shut off by the 1st transport device, and it is shut off by the 2nd transport device while conveying goods while conveying goods or -- the 1st transport device and the 2nd transport device -- or it is conveyed by the 2nd transport device to goods output port. Therefore, in case the next purchaser by whom two goods are taken out in case the next purchaser from whom a purchaser cannot receive goods after a power-source reclosing purchases goods purchases goods, there is no possibility of producing problems, such as causing trouble to actuation of a transport device. [0005]

[Embodiment of the Invention] The automatic vending machine concerning the example of this invention is explained based on drawing 1-11. In the following explanation, the direction of the arrow heads I, II, III, IV, V, and VI of drawing 1 -10 is called the front, back, a left, the method of the right, the upper part, and a lower part. As shown in drawing 1 and 2, the automatic vending machine A concerning this example is equipped with the tank 1 where the front face was opened wide. The inner case 2 by which the front face was opened wide is arranged in the tank 1. Heat insulation processing of the inner case 2 is carried out. Opening 2a is formed in the right-hand side wall lower part of an inner case 2. The shutter of the rocking closing motion type which is not illustrated to opening 2a is attached. 1st machine room 3a is formed between the right-hand side walls of an inner case 2 and a tank 1, and 2nd machine room 3b is formed between the bottom walls of an inner case 2 and a tank 1. The door 4 of the rocking type which has the transparent aperture which covers the front face where the inner case 2 was opened wide, and the front face where the 1st and 2nd machine room 3a and 3b was opened wide is attached in the front face of a tank 1. Goods output port 5 is formed in the lower right section of a door 4. The shutter and microswitch of a rocking closing motion type which are not illustrated to goods output port 5 are attached. The goods selector button which is not illustrated is attached in the upper part of the part which stands face to face against 1st machine room 3a of a door 4.

[0006] In the inner case 2, the shelf space 6 by which separated spacing mutually up and down and the laminating was carried out to seven steps is arranged. Two or more goods trains 100 which extend forward and backward are accomplished in each shelf space 6, and goods 200-are-laid-in-it. the shelf-space 6 of the maximum-upper case --- installation --- the goods expenditure equipment 7 constituted by the motor which carries out the rotation drive of the endless belt which extends forward and backward, and the endless belt, and the piece of ** fixed to the endless belt is arranged above <DP N=0003> **** each goods train 100. the upper part of each goods train 100 laid in each shelf space 6 except the shelf space 6 of the maximum upper case -- and the goods expenditure equipment 7 constituted by the motor which carries out the rotation drive of the endless belt of a shelf space 6 which extends forward and backward caudad and an endless belt right above, and the piece of push fixed to the

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endless belt is arranged. Face to face is stood against each goods train 100, and the goods stopper 8 is attached in the front end of each shelf space 6. The goods stopper 8 is attached rockable between the upright position and the location which saw from the method of the right and fell 180 degrees counterclockwise. The goods stopper 8 is standing straight according to the energization force of the spring which is not illustrated at the time of no-load.

[0007] Between the front end of a shelf space 6, and the open end of an inner case 2, the

[0007] Between the front end of a shelf space 6, and the open end of an inner case 2, the goods vertical transport device 9 constituted by the driving gear of a movable saucer and a saucer up and down is arranged. While the front end of a shelf space 6, and the open end of an inner case 2, the conveyor 10 of the shelf space 6 of the bottom which extends right and left is arranged caudad.

[0008] A coin counter, a coin locker, etc. which are not illustrated in the upper part and the height direction center section in 1st machine room 3a are arranged, and goods expenditure equipment 7, the goods vertical transport device 9, and the control unit that controls actuation of conveyor 10 grade are arranged. The control unit is constituted by ROM, RAM, CPU, an I/O interface, etc. with which the control program was contained. the lower part in 1st machine room 3a -- and the goods receptacle shelf which is not illustrated under the opening 2a of an inner case is arranged. The compressor of the cooling system which is not illustrated in 2nd machine room 3b and a condenser are arranged, and the evaporator is arranged under the shelf space 6 of the bottom in an inner case 2.

[0009] The configuration of the goods vertical transport device 9 is explained in full detail, referring to drawing 3 - drawing 9. As shown in drawing 3, and 4, 7 and 8, guide member 9a has extended up and down. It is fixed to the left wall of an inner case 2, and guide member 9a constitutes a part of left wall. Endless belt 9b which extends up and down is attached in guide member 9a. Motor 9c which carries out the rotation drive of the endless belt 9b is attached in the crowning of guide member 9a. Truck guide-rail 9d of the pair which extends up and down adjoins endless belt 9b, and is attached in guide member 9a. Roller-guide 9e of the pair which extends up and down adjoins truck guide-rail 9d, and is attached in guide member 9a. As the lower limit of roller-guide 9e is positioned [of the 2nd shelf space 6] up by whether it is small from the bottom and is shown in drawing 3 and 4, the lower limit section of roller-guide 9e is back-crooked-at-the-abbreviation-right-angle. As-shown-in-drawing-4, and 7 and 8, 9f of trucks which **** to truck guide-rail 9d is connected with endless belt 9b. 9h of bearings is attached in 9f of trucks. 9h of bearings has flabellate form piece 9hof stop 'whose central angles prolonged to the back slanting upper part are 90 abbreviation, as shown in drawing 4, and 5, 7 and 8. As shown in drawing 3, and 4, 7 and 8, bearing-bar 9i by which the left end was fixed to 9f of trucks penetrated 9h of bearings, and has extended to the method of the right horizontally. As shown in drawing 4 and 6, pinhole 9j of a pair faces each other, and is formed in the section near the right end of bearing-bar 9i.

[0010] As shown in drawing 3, and 4, 7 and 8, where bearing-bar 9i is inserted in the openingof-the-whole-traffic hole where goods saucer 9k which extends right and left was formed in goods saucer 9k, it is supported by bearing-bar 9i rotatable. Balance weight 9m is attached in the left end of goods saucer 9k. By balance weight 9m existence, at the time of no-load, goods saucer 9k inclines below slightly towards a trailing edge from first transition, as shown in drawing 3, and 7 and 8. As shown in drawing 4, and 5, 7 and 8, 9n of hook type stop pawls is formed in balance weight 9m. As shown in drawing 7 and 8, 9n of stop pawls is engaging with piece 9hof stop '. As a broken line shows to drawing 4 and a continuous line shows to drawing 7 and 8, roller 9p which projects to a left in balance weight 9m is attached rotatable. As shown in drawing 7 and 8, as for roller 9p, goods saucer 9k is in contact with roller-guide 9e of the front in roller-guide 9e of a pair, when no-load. Consequently, goods saucer 9k is maintained at the condition of having inclined below slightly towards the trailing edge from first transition at the time of no-load.

[0011] As shown in drawing 4, and 6, 7 and 9, snap-ring 9r is arranged. Snap-ring 9r has the body and the flange. As shown in drawing 6, a flange and a part of body are covered, 2 sets of a pair of slits face each other, and are formed, it is inserted into the slit of each set and narrowwidth elastic section 9r' is formed. Projection 9r" is formed inside each elastic section 9r'. As shown in drawing 7 and 9, the body of snap-ring 9r was inserted in the right end of the opening-of-the-whole-traffic hole of goods saucer 9k, and has fitted in outside to the right end section of bearing-bar 9i which projects from the right end of said opening-of-the-whole-traffic hole to the method of the right. Projection 9r" formed inside elastic section 9r' fitted into pinhole 9j formed in the section near the right end of bearing-bar 9i, and snap-ring 9r is stopped to bearing-bar 9i.

[0012] As shown in drawing 3 and 7, face to face was stood against guide member 9a, 9s of guide members was arranged, and it has extended up and down. It is fixed to the right-hand side wall of an inner case 2, and 9s of guide members constitutes some right-hand side walls. 9s [of guide sections] ' constituted by the slot which is formed in the heights and heights . which extend up and down in 9s of guide members, and extends up and down is formed. The right end of bearing-bar 9i is inserted in the slot of 9s [of guide sections] ' movable up and down.

[0013] Actuation of the automatic vending machine A which has the above-mentioned configuration is explained. A user foresees the internal goods 200 from the transparent aperture of a door 4, chooses the desired goods 200, throws in coin from the coin slot which was formed subsequently to a panel 5 and which is not illustrated, pushes a goods selector button, and specifies the goods train 100 constituted with the desired goods 200. Under control of a control unit, goods saucer 9k of the goods vertical transport device 9 descends from an upper position in readiness rather than the shelf space 6 of the maximum upper case, and

stops in a downward height location more slightly than the shelf space 6 in which the goods train 100 constituted with the desired goods 200 was laid. In addition, when goods saucer 9k of the goods vertical transport device 9 is at least in upper standby rather than the shelf space 6 of the maximum upper case, 9f of trucks contacts the microswitch which was attached in guide member 9a and which is not illustrated, and they are changing the microswitch concerned into ON condition. If 9f of trucks descends and goods saucer 9k descends from a position in readiness, the contact to 9f of trucks and said microswitch is canceled, and said microswitch will be in an OFF condition. A control device detects whether goods saucer 9k is in a position in readiness by ON of said microswitch, and OFF. When goods saucer 9k is not in a position in readiness by a certain cause, once a control unit returns goods saucer 9k to a position in readiness, it is dropped. Halt position control of goods saucer 9k is performed to accuracy by comparing with the enumerated data of the encoder corresponding to the location of each shelf space the enumerated data of the encoder attached in motor 9c.

[0014] If it stops in a downward height location more slightly than the shelf space 6 in which the goods train 100 which goods saucer 9k consisted of with the desired goods 200 was laid The goods expenditure equipment 7 of the right above of this goods train 100 operates under control of a control unit, the piece of push which contacts from back the goods 200 located in the tail end of the goods train 100 moves only the distance for one goods to the front, and only the distance for one goods extrudes the goods train 100 to the front. The forefront goods 200 push down the upright goods stopper 8 against the spring force which energizes the goods stopper 8, and fall from the first transition of a shelf space 6. The goods 200 which fell are caught by goods saucer 9k of the goods vertical transport device 9.

[0015] As a continuous line shows to drawing 10, at the time of no-load, by balance weight 9m existence, goods saucer 9k is seen from the method of the right around bearing-bar 9i, rotates clockwise, and when roller 9p contacts at roller-guide 9e of the front in roller-guide 9e of a pair, it inclines below slightly toward a trailing edge from first transition. If goods 200 ride on goods saucer 9k, as an alternate long and short dash line shows to drawing 10, counterclockwise rotation HE rotation is seen and carried out from the method of the right with the weight of goods 200, roller 9p will contact roller-guide 9e of the back in roller-guide 9e of a pair, and goods-saucer-9k-will-extend-at-an-abbreviation-horizontal. Consequently, goods-200 are stabilized and are supported by goods saucer 9k. What it was detected by the photosensor which is not illustrated that goods 200 fell from the first transition of a shelf space 6, as a result goods 200 paid out of the shelf space 6 to the goods vertical transport device 9 by it is detected. A detection signal is sent to a control unit.

[0016] A control unit makes descent of goods saucer 9k of the goods vertical transport device 9 start, after receiving a goods expenditure detection signal from a photosensor. Goods saucer 9k descends put goods 200 and extended at an abbreviation horizontal. Since the posture on

goods saucer 9k of goods 200 is stable, there is no possibility that goods 200 may fall from goods saucer 9k during descent of goods saucer 9k. From the bottom, slightly, goods saucer 9k will stop, if it descends to the upper location of the 2nd shelf space 6. In this height location, since the lower limit section of roller-guide 9e is back crooked at the abbreviation right angle, roller 9p loses a support. Consequently, with the weight of goods 200, around bearing-bar 9i, goods saucer 9k is seen from the method of the right, and rotates counterclockwise. If goods saucer 9k rotates 90 abbreviation, as a two-dot chain line shows to drawing 10, roller 9p will contact roller-guide 9e of the front in roller-guide 9e of a pair, and rotation of goods saucer 9k will stop. Goods 200 fall from goods saucer 9k which extends in an abbreviation vertical towards first transition from a trailing edge. By balance weight 9m existence, around bearing-bar 9i, goods saucer 9k which lost the load is seen from the method of the right, and rotates to a clockwise rotation. As a broken line shows to drawing 10, roller 9p contacts the part in which roller-guide 9e of the front in roller-guide 9e of a pair carried out back HE crookedness, and rotation of goods saucer 9k stops.

[0017] Goods saucer 9k of the goods vertical transport device 9 goes up to a position in readiness under control of a control unit. In case it goes up, goods saucer 9k is seen from the method of the right, and rotates to a clockwise rotation, roller 9p carries out front HE migration, contacting the part in which roller-guide 9e of the front in roller-guide 9e of a pair carried out back HE crookedness, and it contacts soon the part which extends in the vertical of roller-guide 9e of the front in roller-guide 9e of a pair. the first transition at the time of no-load [which rotation of goods saucer 9k stops at this time, and shows goods saucer 9k to drawing 10 as a continuous line] -- a knife -- it will be in the condition of having inclined below slightly towards the trailing edge. Goods saucer 9k remains in this location, after arriving at a position in readiness.

[0018] After goods saucer 9k descends to the upper location of the 2nd shelf space 6 slightly and stops from the bottom, a conveyor 10 carries out predetermined time actuation under control of a control device. The goods 200 which fell from goods saucer 9k are caught by conveyor 10, and are conveyed towards opening 2a. Goods 200 pass along opening 2a, and fall on goods receptacle shelving arranged under the opening 2a. A user takes out the goods 200 of goods-receptacle-shelving-through-goods-output-port-5. In case-goods-200 are taken—out, the shutter which was attached in goods output port 5 and which is not illustrated rocks, and the microswitch which is not illustrated operates. Thereby, a control unit detects what goods output port was able to open.

[0019] The goods 200 paid out of the shelf space 6 with goods expenditure equipment 7 when the goods 200 laid in the 2nd step of shelf space 6 were chosen fall on the direct conveyor 10 through goods saucer 9k of the goods vertical transport device 9 from under the goods 200 laid in the shelf space 6 of the bottom, and by conveyor 10, even a goods receptacle shelf is

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conveyed and it is taken out through goods output port 5.

[0020] In the automatic vending machine A concerning this example, when a power source is switched on, actuation of the goods vertical transport device 9 and actuation of a conveyor 10 are controlled as follows. As shown in the control flow chart of drawing 11, if the power source of an automatic vending machine A is switched on, a control unit confirms whether the door 4 has closed or the shutter attached in goods output port 5 has closed, and whether the goods vertical transport device 9 and a conveyor 10 can operate and after it checks (S1), it will operate the goods vertical transport device 9. A control unit drops goods saucer 9k from the bottom to the location of the upper part slightly of the 2nd shelf space 6, when goods saucer 9k is in a power up in a position in readiness, when goods saucer 9k is not in a position in readiness at a power up, it once drops goods saucer 9k after position-in-readiness HE ****** from the bottom to the location of the upper part slightly of the 2nd shelf space 6, and it carries out goods fall actuation. It is detected by the enumerated data of the encoder attached in motor 9c that goods saucer 9k descended from the bottom to the location of the upper part slightly of the 2nd shelf space 6, as a result that goods conveyance by the goods vertical transport device 9 was completed (S2, S3). a control device is enough for taking out of goods 200 in a conveyor 10, after goods conveyance by the goods vertical transport device 9 is completed -- predetermined time actuation is carried out (S4, S5). A control device is parallel to operating a conveyor 10, and returns goods saucer 9k to a position in readiness. If goods 200 appear in the power up at goods saucer 9k of the goods vertical transport device 9 as a result of the above-mentioned control, conveyor 10 HE migration will be carried out from goods saucer 9k, and goods 200 will be conveyed even to a goods receptacle shelf by conveyor 10. If goods 200 appear in the conveyor 10 at the power up, goods 200 will be conveyed even to a goods receptacle shelf by conveyor 10.

[0021] In an automatic vending machine A, the goods 200 by the purchaser are purchasing temporarily, and even if it is the case where a power source is shut off during conveyance of the goods 200 under conveyance of the goods 200 by the goods vertical transport device 9, or by the conveyor 10, a purchaser can take out goods 200 through goods output port 5 after a power-source reclosing. Moreover, the next goods purchaser who is going to purchase goods does-not-take-out-two-goods-through-goods-output-port-5-after-a-power-source-reclosing. Moreover, trouble is not caused to actuation of a transport device in case the next purchaser purchases goods after a power-source reclosing.

[0022]

[Effect of the Invention] In the automatic vending machine applied to this invention as explained above Since a control unit drops the 1st transport device to a power up and subsequently operates the 2nd transport device the goods which are on the 1st transport device or the 2nd transport device at the time of a power-source reclosing when a power

source is shut off by the 1st transport device, and it is shut off by the 2nd transport device while conveying goods while conveying goods or -- the 1st transport device and the 2nd transport device -- or it is conveyed by the 2nd transport device to goods output port. Therefore, in case the next purchaser by whom two goods are taken out in case the next purchaser from whom a purchaser cannot receive goods purchases goods purchases goods, a possibility of producing problems, such as causing trouble to actuation of a transport device, does not have after a power-source reclosing.

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DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[Brief Description of the Drawings]

[Drawing 1] It is the perspective view of the automatic vending machine concerning the example of this invention.

[Drawing 2] It is the side elevation seen from the method of the right in the condition of having removed the right-hand side wall of a tank of the automatic vending machine of <u>drawing 1</u>, and the right-hand side wall of an inner case.

[Drawing 3] It is the perspective view of the goods vertical transport device with which the automatic vending machine of drawing 1 is equipped.

[Drawing 4] It is the partial perspective view of the goods vertical transport device with which the automatic vending machine of <u>drawing 1</u> is equipped.

[Drawing 5] It is the perspective view of some configuration members of the goods vertical transport device with which the automatic vending machine of <u>drawing 1</u> is equipped.

[Drawing 6] It is the perspective view of some configuration members of the goods vertical transport device with which the automatic vending machine of drawing 1 is equipped.

[Drawing 7] It is the top view of the goods vertical transport device with which the automatic vending machine of <u>drawing 1</u> is equipped.

[Drawing 8] It is the partial perspective view of the goods vertical transport device with which the automatic vending machine of drawing 1 is equipped.

[Drawing 9] It is the partial perspective view of the goods vertical transport device with which the automatic vending machine of drawing 1 is equipped.

[Drawing 10] It is drawing showing actuation of the goods vertical transport device with which the automatic vending machine of drawing 1 is equipped.

[Drawing 11] They are the goods vertical transport device of the power up of the automatic vending machine of drawing 1, and the control flow chart of actuation of a conveyor.

[Description of Notations]

A Automatic vending machine

- 1 Tank
- 2 Inner Case
- 6 Shelf Space
- 7 Goods Expenditure Equipment
- 8 Goods Stopper
- 9 Goods Vertical Transport Device
- 9k Goods saucer
- 10 Conveyor

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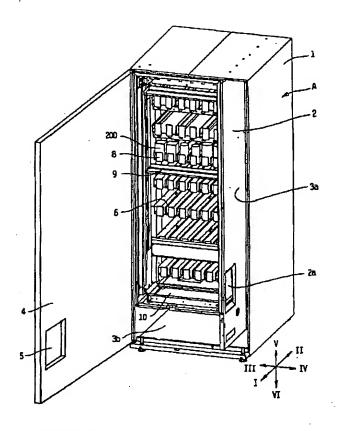
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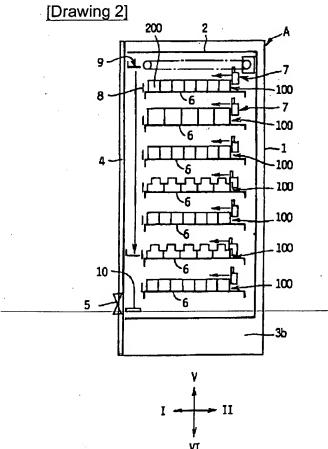
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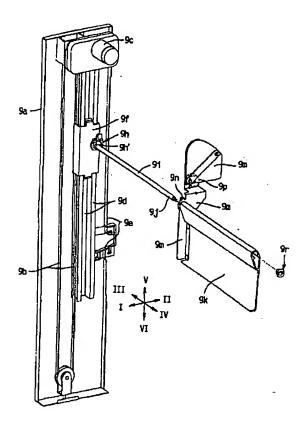
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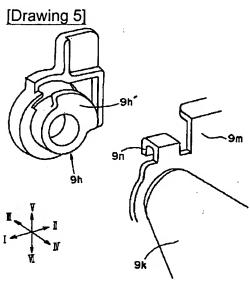
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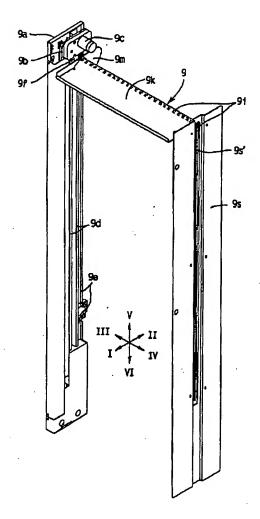


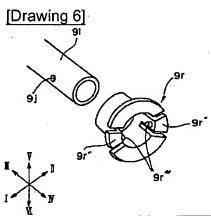
[Drawing 4]



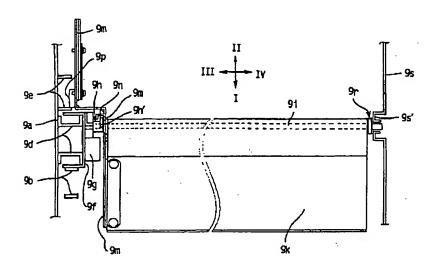


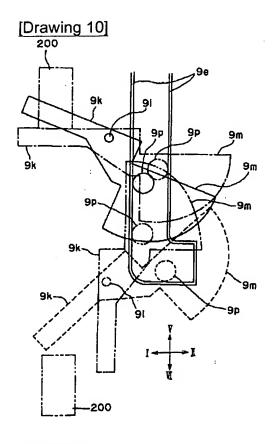
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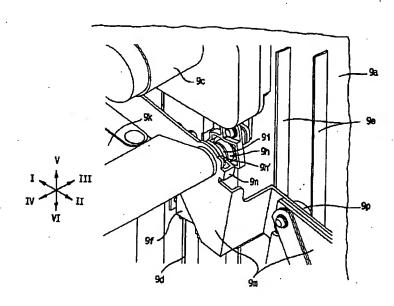


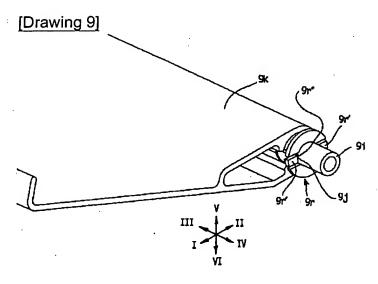
[Drawing 7]





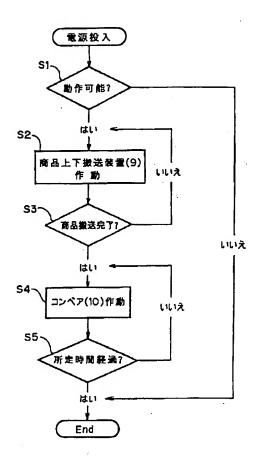
[Drawing 8]





[Drawing 11]

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[Translation done.]

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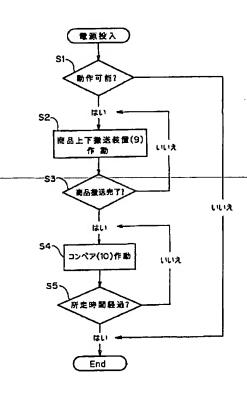
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(54) 【発明の名称】 自動販売機

(57)【要約】

【課題】 互いに間隔を隔てて上下に積層された複数の商品棚と、商品棚から商品を払い出す商品払出し装置と、商品棚から払い出された商品を受け取って商品を下方へ搬送する第1搬送装置と、第1搬送装置から商品を受け取って商品を商品取出口まで搬送する第2搬送装置と、商品払出し装置の作動と第1搬送装置の作動と第2搬送装置の作動とを制御する制御装置とを備える自動販売機であって、第1搬送装置で商品を搬送中、又は第2搬送装置で商品を搬送中に電源が切れた時に、電源再投入時のトラブルを生じない自動販売機を提供する。

【解決手段】 互いに間隔を隔てて上下に積層された複数の商品棚と、商品棚から商品を払い出す商品払出し装置と、商品棚から払い出された商品を受け取って商品を下方へ搬送する第1搬送装置と、第1搬送装置から商品を受け取って商品を商品取出口まで搬送する第2搬送装置と、商品払出し装置の作動と第1搬送装置の作動と第2搬送装置の作動とを制御する制御装置とを備え、制御装置は電源投入時に第1搬送装置を下降させ、次いで第2搬送装置を作動させる。



【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】 互いに間隔を隔てて上下に積層された複数の商品棚と、商品棚から商品を払い出す商品払出し装置と、商品棚から払い出された商品を受け取って商品を下方へ搬送する第1搬送装置と、第1搬送装置から商品を受け取って商品を商品取出口まで搬送する第2搬送装置と、商品払出し装置の作動と第1搬送装置の作動と第2搬送装置の作動とを制御する制御装置とを備え、制御装置は電源投入時に第1搬送装置を下降させ、次いで第2搬送装置を作動させることを特徴とする自動販売機。【発明の詳細な説明】

[0001]

【発明の属する技術分野】本発明は、互いに間隔を隔てて上下に積層された複数の商品棚と、商品棚から商品を払い出す商品払出し装置と、商品棚から払い出された商品を受け取って商品を下方へ搬送する第1搬送装置と、第1搬送装置から商品を受け取って商品を商品取出口まで搬送する第2搬送装置と、商品払出し装置の作動と第1搬送装置の作動と第2搬送装置の作動と第1搬送装置の作動と第1搬送装置の作動と第1搬送装置の作動と第1搬送装置の作動と第1搬送装置の作動と第1機送装置の作動と第1機送装置の作動とを制御する制御装置とを備える自動販売機に関するものである。

[0002]

【従来の技術】互いに間隔を隔てて上下に積層された複数の商品棚と、商品棚から商品を払い出す商品払出し装置と、商品棚から払い出された商品を受け取って商品を下方へ搬送する第1搬送装置と、第1搬送装置から商品を受け取って商品を商品取出口まで搬送する第2搬送装置と、商品払出し装置の作動と第1搬送装置の作動と第2搬送装置の作動とを制御する制御装置とを備える自動販売機においては、従来、第1搬送装置で商品を搬送中、又は第2搬送装置で商品を搬送中に電源が切れると、電源再投入時に第1搬送装置上又は第2搬送装置上に商品が残ったままになっていた。

[0003]

【発明が解決しようとする課題】第1搬送装置で商品を 搬送中、又は第2搬送装置で商品を搬送中に電源が切れ た時に、電源再投入時に第1搬送装置上又は第2搬送装 置上に商品が残ったままになっていると、電源再投入後 にも購買者が商品を受け取れない、次の購買者が商品を 購入する際に2個の商品が搬出される、次の購買者が商 品を購入する際に搬送装置の作動に支障を来す等の問題 を生ずる。本発明は上記問題に鑑みてなされたものであ り、互いに間隔を隔てて上下に積層された複数の商品棚 と、商品棚から商品を払い出す商品払出し装置と、商品 棚から払い出された商品を受け取って商品を下方へ搬送 する第1搬送装置と、第1搬送装置から商品を受け取っ て商品を商品取出口まで搬送する第2搬送装置と、商品 払出し装置の作動と第1搬送装置の作動と第2搬送装置 の作動とを制御する制御装置とを備える自動販売機であ って、第1搬送装置で商品を搬送中、又は第2搬送装置 で商品を搬送中に電源が切れた時に、電源再投入時のト

ラブルを生じない自動販売機を提供することを目的とす る。

[0004]

【課題を解決するための手段】上記課題を解決するため に、本発明においては、互いに間隔を隔てて上下に積層 された複数の商品棚と、商品棚から商品を払い出す商品 払出し装置と、商品棚から払い出された商品を受け取っ て商品を下方へ搬送する第1搬送装置と、第1搬送装置 から商品を受け取って商品を商品取出口まで搬送する第 2搬送装置と、商品払出し装置の作動と第1搬送装置の 作動と第2搬送装置の作動とを制御する制御装置とを備 え、制御装置は電源投入時に第1搬送装置を下降させ、 次いで第2搬送装置を作動させることを特徴とする自動 販売機を提供する。本発明に係る自動販売機において は、制御装置は、電源投入時に第1搬送装置を下降さ せ、次いで第2搬送装置を作動させるので、第1搬送装 置で商品を搬送中、又は第2搬送装置で商品を搬送中に 電源が切れた時に、電源再投入時に第1搬送装置上又は 第2搬送装置上にある商品は、第1搬送装置と第2搬送 装置とにより、又は第2搬送装置により、商品取出口ま で搬送される。従って、電源再投入後にも購買者が商品 を受け取れない、次の購買者が商品を購入する際に2個 の商品が搬出される、次の購買者が商品を購入する際に 搬送装置の作動に支障を来す等の問題を生ずるおそれは 無い。

[0005]

【発明の実施の形態】本発明の実施例に係る自動販売機 を、図1~11に基づいて説明する。以下の説明におい て、図1~10の矢印I、II、III、IV、V、V Iの方向を、前方、後方、左方、右方、上方、下方と呼 ぶ。図1、2に示すように、本実施例に係る自動販売機 Aは、前面が開放された外箱1を備えている。外箱1内 に前面が開放された内箱2が配設されている。内箱2は 断熱加工されている。内箱2の右側壁下部に開口2aが 形成されている。開口2aに図示しない揺動開閉式のシ ャッターが取り付けられている。内箱2と外箱1の右側 壁との間に第1機械室3aが形成され、内箱2と外箱1 の底壁との間に第2機械室3bが形成されている。外箱 1の前面に、内箱2の開放された前面と第1、第2機械 室3a、3bの開放された前面とを覆う透明な窓を有す る揺動式の扉4が取り付けられている。扉4の右下部に 商品取出口5が形成されている。商品取出口5に図示し ない揺動開閉式のシャッターとマイクロスイッチとが取 り付けられている。 扉4の第1機械室3 a に対峙する部 分の上部に、図示しない商品選択釦が取り付けられてい る。

【0006】内箱2内に、上下に互いに間隔を隔てて7段に積層された商品棚6が配設されている。各商品棚6には、前後に延在する複数の商品列100を成して、商品200が載置されている。最上段の商品棚6に載置さ

れた各商品列100の上方に、前後に延在する無端ベルトと無端ベルトを回転駆動するモータと無端ベルトに固定された押片とにより構成される商品払い出し装置7が配設されている。最上段の商品棚6を除く各商品棚6に載置された各商品列100の上方に且つ直上の商品棚6の下方に、前後に延在する無端ベルトと無端ベルトを回転駆動するモータと無端ベルトに固定された押し片とにより構成される商品払い出し装置7が配設されている。各商品棚6の前端に、各商品列100に対峙して、商品ストッパー8が取り付けられている。商品ストッパー8が取り付けられている。商品ストッパー8は、直立位置と、右方から見て反時計回りに180度倒れた位置との間で揺動可能に、取り付けられている。商品ストッパー8は、図示しないバネの付勢力により、無負荷時に直立している。

【0007】商品棚6の前端と内箱2の開放端との間に、上下に移動可能な受け皿と受け皿の駆動装置により構成される商品上下搬送装置9が配設されている。商品棚6の前端と内箱2の開放端との間に、且つ最下段の商品棚6の下方に、左右に延在するコンベア10が配設されている。

【0008】第1機械室3a内の上部及び高さ方向中央部に図示しないコイン計数装置、コインロッカー等が配設され、また、商品払い出し装置7、商品上下搬送装置9、コンベア10等の作動を制御する制御装置が配設されている。制御装置は、制御プログラムが収納されたROM、RAM、CPU、I/Oインターフェース等により構成されている。第1機械室3a内の下部に且つ内箱の開口2aの下方に図示しない商品受け棚が配設されている。第2機械室3b内に図示しない冷却装置の圧縮機、凝縮器が配設され、内箱2内の最下段の商品棚6の下方に蒸発器が配設されている。

【0009】商品上下搬送装置9の構成を、図3~図9 を参照しつつ詳述する。図3、4、7、8に示すよう に、ガイド部材9 aが上下に延在している。ガイド部材 9 a は内箱 2 の左壁に固定され、左壁の一部を構成して いる。上下に延在する無端ベルト9bがガイド部材9a に取り付けられている。無端ベルト96を回転駆動する モータ9cがガイド部材9aの頂部に取り付けられてい る。上下に延在する一対の台車ガイドレール9 dが無端 ベルト9 bに隣接してガイド部材9 a に取り付けられて いる。上下に延在する一対のローラーガイド9eが台車 ガイドレール9dに隣接してガイド部材9aに取り付け られている。ローラーガイド9eの下端は下から2番目 の商品棚6の僅かに上方に位置決めされており、図3、 4に示すように、ローラーガイド9eの下端部は、後方 へ略直角に屈曲している。図4、7、8に示すように、 台車ガイドレール9 dに跨座する台車9 fが、無端ベル ト9bに連結されている。軸受け9hが台車9fに取り 付けられている。軸受け9hは、図4、5、7、8に示 すように、後方斜め上方へ延びる中心角が略90度の扇 状の係止片9h′を有している。図3、4、7、8に示すように、左端が台車9fに固定された支持棒9iが、軸受け9hを貫通して水平に右方へ延在している。図4、6に示すように、支持棒9iの右端近傍部に、一対の小穴9jが向かい合って形成されている。

【0010】図3、4、7、8に示すように、左右に延 在する商品受け皿9kが、商品受け皿9kに形成された 全通穴に支持棒9iが挿通された状態で、支持棒9iに よって回動可能に支持されている。 商品受け皿9kの左 端に、バランスウエイト9mが取り付けられている。バ ランスウエイト9mの存在により、商品受け皿9kは、 無負荷時に、図3、7、8に示すように、前縁から後縁 へ向けて僅かに下方へ傾斜している。図4、5、7、8 に示すように、バランスウエイト9mに、鉤型の係止爪 9nが形成されている。図7、8に示すように、係止爪 9nは係止片9h′に係合している。図4に破線で示 し、図7、8に実線で示すように、バランスウエイト9 mに、左方へ突出するローラー9pが回動可能に取り付 けられている。図7、8に示すように、商品受け皿9k が無負荷である時に、ローラー9 pは、一対のローラー ガイド9e中の前方のローラーガイド9eに当接してい る。この結果、商品受け皿9kは、無負荷時に、前縁か ら後縁へ向けて僅かに下方へ傾斜した状態に保たれる。 【0011】図4、6、7、9に示すように、スナップ リング9rが配設されている。スナップリング9rは、 円筒部とフランジ部とを有している。 図6に示すよう に、フランジ部と円筒部の一部とに亘って、2組の対の スリットが向かい合って形成され、各対のスリットに挟 まれて、狭幅の弾性部9r^が形成されている。各弾性 部9 r′の内側に突起9 r″が形成されている。図7、 9に示すように、スナップリング9rの円筒部が、商品 受け皿9kの全通穴の右端へ挿入され、前記全通穴の右 端から右方へ突出する支持棒9 i の右端部へ外嵌合して いる。弾性部9 r′の内側に形成された突起9 r″が、 支持棒9 i の右端近傍部に形成された小穴9 j に嵌合し て、スナップリング9rを支持棒9iに係止している。 【0012】図3、7に示すように、ガイド部材9aに 対峙して、ガイド部材9sが配設され、上下に延在して いる。ガイド部材9sは、内箱2の右側壁に固定され、 右側壁の一部を構成している。ガイド部材9sに上下に 延在する凸部と凸部に形成され上下に延在する長穴とに より構成されるガイド部9s′が形成されている。支持 棒9iの右端がガイド部9s′の長穴に上下に移動可能 に挿通されている。

【0013】上記構成を有する自動販売機Aの作動を説明する。ユーザーは扉4の透明な窓から内部の商品200を見通して所望の商品200を選択し、次いでパネル5に形成された図示しないコイン投入口からコインを投入し、商品選択釦を押して、所望の商品200によって構成された商品列100を指定する。制御装置の制御の

下に、商品上下搬送装置9の商品受け皿9kが、最上段 の商品棚6よりも上方の待機位置から下降し、所望の商 品200によって構成された商品列100が載置された 商品棚6よりも僅かに下方の高さ位置に停止する。尚、 商品上下搬送装置9の商品受け皿9kが最上段の商品棚 6よりも上方の待機位にある時、台車9 f がガイド部材 9aに取り付けられた図示しないマイクロスイッチに当 接し、当該マイクロスイッチをON状態にしている。台 車9fが下降し、商品受け皿9kが待機位置から下降す ると、台車9 f と前記マイクロスイッチとの当接が解除. され、前記マイクロスイッチがOFF状態になる。制御 装置は、前記マイクロスイッチのON、OFFにより、 商品受け皿9kが待機位置に在るか否かを検知する。も し何らかの原因で、商品受け皿9kが待機位置にいない 場合には、制御装置は、商品受け皿9kを一旦待機位置 へ戻した後、下降させる。商品受け皿9kの停止位置制 御は、モータ9cに取り付けられたエンコーダの計数値 と各商品棚の位置に対応するエンコーダの計数値とを比 較することにより正確に行われる。

【0014】商品受け皿9kが所望の商品200によって構成された商品列100が載置された商品棚6よりも僅かに下方の高さ位置に停止すると、制御装置の制御の下に該商品列100の直上の商品払い出し装置7が作動し、商品列100の最後尾に位置する商品200に後方から当接する押し片が商品1個分の距離だけ前方へ移動し、商品列100を商品1個分の距離だけ前方へ押し出す。最前の商品200が商品ストッパー8を付勢するバネカに逆らって、直立した商品ストッパー8を押し倒し、商品棚6の前縁から落下する。落下した商品200は、商品上下搬送装置9の商品受け皿9kによって受け止められる。

【0015】商品受け皿9kは、図10に実線で示すよ うに、無負荷時において、バランスウエイト9mの存在 により、支持棒9iの回りに、右方から見て時計方向に 回動し、ローラー9pが一対のローラーガイド9e中の 前方のローラーガイド9 e に 当接することにより、前縁 から後縁へ向かって僅かに下方へ傾斜している。商品受 け皿9kに商品200が乗ると、商品受け皿9kは、図 10に一点鎖線で示すように、商品200の重さによっ て、右方から見て反時計方向へ回動し、ローラー9pが 一対のローラーガイド9e中の後方のローラーガイド9 eに当接して、略水平に延在する。この結果、商品20 0は商品受け皿9kによって安定して支持される。図示 しない光センサーによって、商品200が商品棚6の前 縁から落下した事が検知され、ひいては商品棚6から商 品上下搬送装置9へ商品200が払い出されたことが検 知される。検知信号が制御装置へ送られる。

【0016】制御装置は、光センサーから商品払出し検知信号を受信した後、商品上下搬送装置9の商品受け皿9kの下降を開始させる。商品受け皿9kは、商品20

0を乗せて略水平に延在したまま下降する。商品200 の商品受け皿9k上での姿勢は安定しているので、商品 受け皿9kの下降中に、商品200が商品受け皿9kか ら落下するおそれは無い。 商品受け皿9kは、下から2 番目の商品棚6の僅かに上方の位置まで下降すると停止 する。該高さ位置において、ローラーガイド9eの下端 部が後方へ略直角に屈曲しているので、ローラー9pは 支えを失う。この結果、商品受け皿9kは、商品200 の重さにより、支持棒9 i の回りに、右方から見て反時 計回りに回動する。商品受け皿9kが略90度回動する と、図10に二点鎖線で示すように、ローラー9pが一 対のローラーガイド9e中の前方のローラーガイド9e に当接し、商品受け皿9kの回動が停止しする。後縁か ら前縁へ向けて略鉛直に延在する商品受け皿9kから商 品200が落下する。荷重を失った商品受け皿9kは、 バランスウエイト9mの存在により、支持棒9iの回り に、右方から見て時計方向へ回動する。図10に破線で 示すように、ローラー9pが一対のローラーガイド9e 中の前方のローラーガイド9 eの後方へ屈曲した部分に 当接し、商品受け皿9kの回動が停止する。

【0017】制御装置の制御の下に商品上下搬送装置9の商品受け皿9kが待機位置まで上昇する。上昇する際に、商品受け皿9kは、右方から見て時計方向へ回動し、ローラー9pが一対のローラーガイド9e中の前方のローラーガイド9eの後方へ屈曲した部分に当接しつつ前方へ移動し、やがて、一対のローラーガイド9e中の前方のローラーガイド9eの鉛直に延在する部分に当接する。この時点で商品受け皿9kの回動が停止し、商品受け皿9kは、図10に実線で示す、無負荷時の、前縁へら後縁へ向けて僅かに下方へ傾斜した状態となる。商品受け皿9kは待機位置に到達した後該位置にとどまる。

【0018】商品受け皿9kが下から2番目の商品棚6の僅かに上方の位置まで下降して停止した後、制御装置の制御の下にコンベア10が所定時間作動する。商品受け皿9kから落下した商品200は、コンベア10によって受け止められ、開口2aへ向けて搬送される。商品200は開口2aを通り、開口2aの下方に配設された商品受け棚上に落下する。ユーザーは商品取出口5を介して、商品受け棚上の商品200を取り出す。商品200が取り出される際に、商品取出口5に取り付けられた図示しないシャッターが揺動し、図示しないマイクロスイッチが作動する。これにより、制御装置は、商品取出口が開けられたことを検知する。

【0019】最下段の商品棚6に載置された商品200 或いは下から2段目の商品棚6に載置された商品200 が選択された場合には、商品払い出し装置7によって商 品棚6から払い出された商品200は、商品上下搬送装 置9の商品受け皿9kを介することなく、直接コンベア 10上に落下し、コンベア10によって商品受け棚まで

搬送され、商品取り出し口5を介して、取り出される。 【0020】本実施例に係る自動販売機Aにおいては、 電源を投入した時に、商品上下搬送装置9の作動とコン ベア10の作動とが以下のように制御される。図11の 制御フローチャートに示すように、制御装置は、自動販 売機Aの電源が投入されると、扉4が閉じているか、商 品取出口5に取り付けたシャッターが閉じているか等を チェックし、商品上下搬送装置9とコンベア10とが作 動可能であるかチェックした後(S1)、商品上下搬送 装置9を作動させる。制御装置は、電源投入時に商品受 け皿9kが待機位置に在る場合には商品受け皿9kを下 から2番目の商品棚6の僅かに上方の位置まで下降さ せ、電源投入時に商品受け皿9kが待機位置にいない場 合には商品受け皿9kを一旦待機位置へ戻した後、下か ら2番目の商品棚6の僅かに上方の位置まで下降させ て、商品落下動作をさせる。商品受け皿9kが下から2 番目の商品棚6の僅かに上方の位置まで下降したこと、 ひいては商品上下搬送装置9による商品搬送が完了した ことは、モータ9cに取り付けられたエンコーダの計数 値によって検知される(S2、S3)。制御装置は、商 品上下搬送装置9による商品搬送が完了した後、コンベ ア10を、商品200の搬出に十分な所定時間作動させ る(S4、S5)。制御装置は、コンベア10を作動さ せるのに平行して、商品受け皿9kを待機位置へ復帰さ せる。上記制御の結果、電源投入時に商品上下搬送装置 9の商品受け皿9kに商品200が載っていれば、商品 200は商品受け皿9kからコンベア10へ移送され、 コンベア10によって商品受け棚まで搬送される。電源 投入時にコンベア10に商品200が載っていれば、商 品200はコンベア10によって商品受け棚まで搬送さ na.

【0021】自動販売機Aにおいては、仮に購買者による商品200の購入中であって、商品上下搬送装置9による商品200の搬送中、又はコンベア10による商品200の搬送中に電源が切れた場合であっても、購買者は、電源再投入後に商品200を商品取り出し口5を介して取り出すことができる。また、電源再投入後に商品を購入しようとする次の商品購買者が、2個の商品を商品取り出し口5を介して取り出すことも無い。また、電

源再投入後に次の購買者が商品を購入する際に搬送装置 の作動に支障を来すことも無い。

[0022]

【発明の効果】以上説明したごとく、本発明に係る自動 販売機においては、制御装置は、電源投入時に第1搬送 装置を下降させ、次いで第2搬送装置を作動させるので、第1搬送装置で商品を搬送中、又は第2搬送装置で商品を搬送中に電源が切れた時に、電源再投入時に第1搬送装置上又は第2搬送装置上にある商品は、第1搬送装置と第2搬送装置とにより、又は第2搬送装置により、商品取出口まで搬送される。従って、電源再投入後も購買者が商品を受け取れない、次の購買者が商品を購入する際に2個の商品が搬出される、次の購買者が商品を購入する際に投送装置の作動に支障を来す等の問題を生ずるおそれは無い。

【図面の簡単な説明】

【図1】本発明の実施例に係る自動販売機の斜視図である。

【図2】図1の自動販売機の、外箱の右側壁と内箱の右側壁とを取り去った状態での、右方から見た側面図である。

【図3】図1の自動販売機が備える商品上下搬送装置の 斜視図である。

【図4】図1の自動販売機が備える商品上下搬送装置の 部分斜視図である。

【図5】図1の自動販売機が備える商品上下搬送装置の 一部の構成部材の斜視図である。

【図6】図1の自動販売機が備える商品上下搬送装置の 一部の構成部材の斜視図である。

【図7】図1の自動販売機が備える商品上下搬送装置の 平面図である。

【図8】図1の自動販売機が備える商品上下搬送装置の 部分斜視図である。

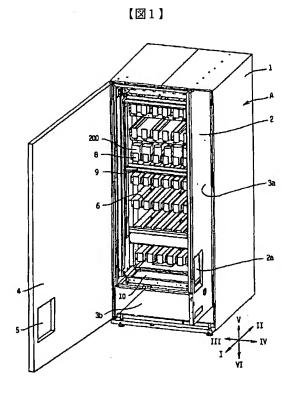
【図9】図1の自動販売機が備える商品上下搬送装置の 部分斜視図である。

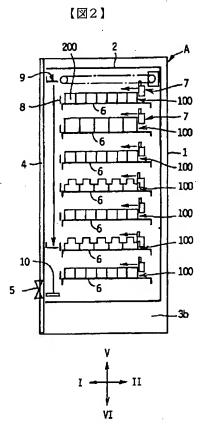
【図10】図1の自動販売機が備える商品上下搬送装置の作動を示す図である。

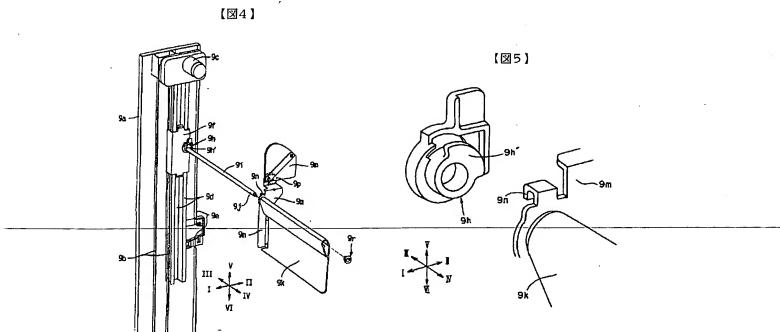
【図11】図1の自動販売機の電源投入時の商品上下搬送装置、コンベアの作動の制御フローチャートである。 【符号の説明】

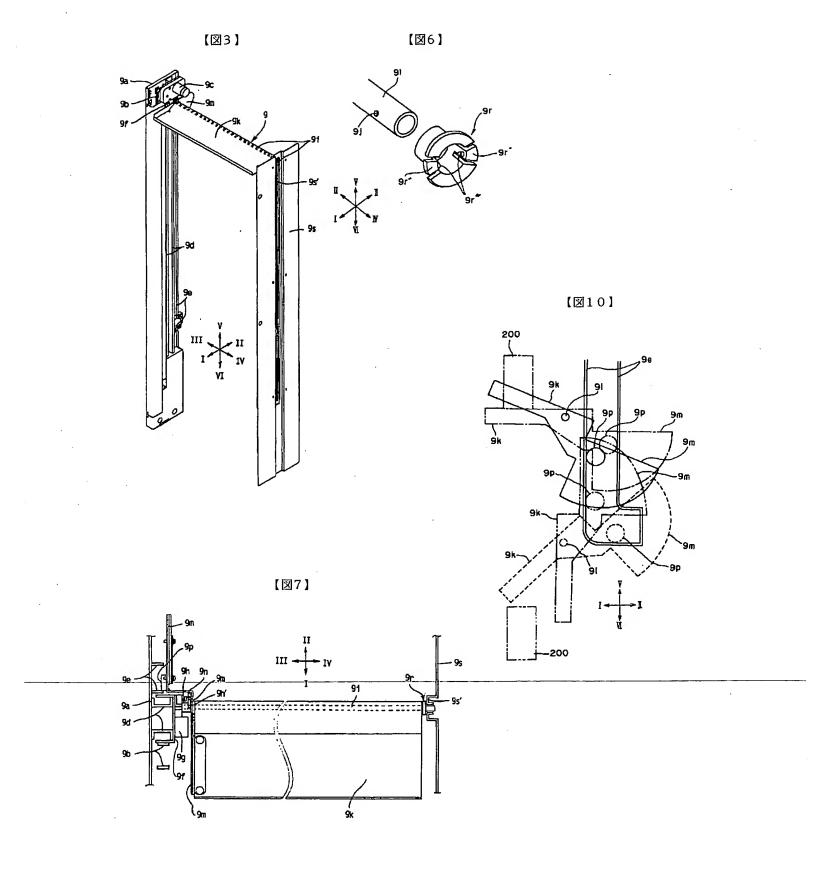
A 自動販売機

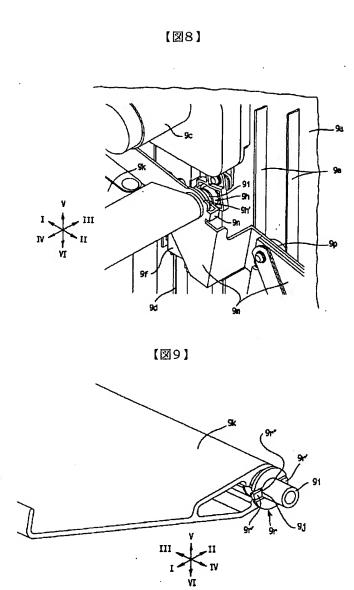
- 1 外箱
- 2 内箱
- 6 商品棚
- 7 商品払い出し装置
- 8 商品ストッパー
- 9 商品上下搬送装置
- 9k 商品受け皿
- 10 コンベア

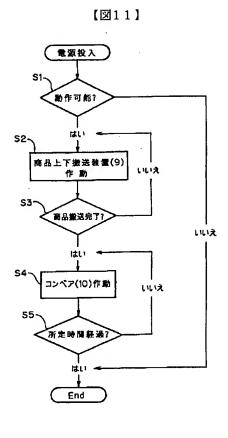












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